

10Gb/s SFP+ BIDI 1490nm/1550nm 80km Transceiver

Features

- Up to 11.3Gb/s data links
- 1490nm EML laser and APD receiver for TX1490/RX1550nm
- 1550nm EML laser and APD receiver for TX1550/RX1490nm
- Up to 80km on 9/125 μ m SMF
- Hot-pluggable SFP+ footprint
- BIDI LC optical connector
- RoHS-10 compliant and lead-free
- Single +3.3V power supply
- Compliant with SFF+MSA and SFF-8472
- Support Digital Monitoring interface
- Metal enclosure, for lower EMI
- Meet ESD requirements, resist 8KV direct contact voltage
- Case operating temperature Commercial: 0 ~ +70°C
Extended: -10 ~ +80°C
Industrial: -40 ~ +85°C

Applications

- 10GBASE-ZR/ZW & 10G Ethernet
- SDH STM64
- Other Optical Links

I. Absolute Maximum Ratings

It has to be noted that the operation in excess of any individual absolute maximum ratings might cause permanent damage to this module.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Storage Temperature	TS	-40	85	°C	
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.5	3.6	V	
Relative Humidity (non-condensation)	RH	5	95	%	
Damage Threshold	THd	0		dBm	

II. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Operating Case Temperature	TOP	0		70	°C	Commercial
		-10		80		Extended
		-40		85		Industrial
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	3.135	3.3	3.465	V	
Data Rate			10.3125		Gb/s	
Control Input Voltage High		2		Vcc	V	
Control Input Voltage Low		0		0.8	V	
Link Distance (SMF)	D			80	km	9/125um

III. General Description

The SFP+ transceiver is designed for use in 10-Gigabit Ethernet links up to 80km over single mode fiber. The module consists of EML Laser, APD and Preamplifier in a high-integrated optical sub-assembly. Digital monitoring functions are available via a 2-wire serial interface, as specified in SFF-8472.

The transceivers provide a unique enhanced digital monitoring interface, which allows real-time access to device operating parameters such as transceiver temperature, laser bias

current, transmitted optical power, and received optical power and transceiver supply voltage. It also defines a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which alerts end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory set normal range.

The SFP+ MSA defines a 256-byte memory map in EEPROM that is accessible over a 2-wire serial interface at the 8bit address 1010000X (A0h). The digital diagnostic monitoring interface makes use of the 8bit address 1010001X (A2h), so the originally defined serial ID memory map remains unchanged.

IV. Pin Assignment and Pin Description

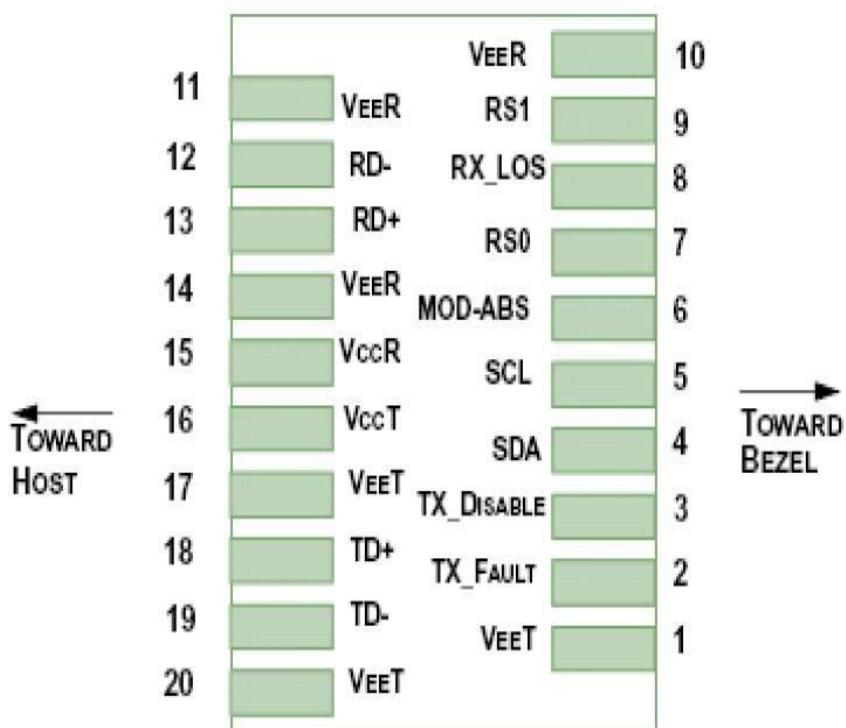


Figure1. Diagram of host board connector block pin numbers and names

Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	Notes
1	V_{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
2	T_{FAULT}	Transmitter Fault.	2
3	T_{DIS}	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or	3

4	SDA	2-wire Serial Interface Data Line	4
5	SCL	2-wire Serial Interface Clock Line	4
6	MOD_ABS	Module Absent. Grounded within the module	4
7	RS0	Rate Select 0	5
8	LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation.	6
9	RS1	No connection required	
10	V_{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
11	V_{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
13	RD+	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
14	V_{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
15	V_{CCR}	Receiver Power Supply	
16	V_{CCT}	Transmitter Power Supply	
17	V_{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
20	V_{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1

Notes:

1. Circuit ground is internally isolated from chassis ground.
2. TFAULT is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7k\Omega$ - $10k\Omega$ resistor on the host board if intended for use. Pull up voltage should be between 2.0V to V_{CC} + 0.3V. A high output indicates a transmitter fault caused by either the TX bias current or the TX output power exceeding the preset alarm thresholds. A low output indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output is pulled to <0.8V.
3. Laser output disabled on $TDIS > 2.0V$ or open, enabled on $TDIS < 0.8V$.
4. Should be pulled up with $4.7k\Omega$ - $10k\Omega$ on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V.
- MOD_ABS pulls line low to indicate module is plugged in.
5. Internally pulled down per SFF-8431 Rev 4.1.

6. LOS is open collector output. It should be pulled up with $4.7\text{k}\Omega$ - $10\text{k}\Omega$ on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.

V. Electrical Characteristics

The following electrical characteristics are defined over the Recommended Operating Environment unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max	Unit	Notes
Power Consumption	p			2	W	
Supply Current	Icc			635	mA	
Transmitter						
Single-ended Input Voltage Tolerance	Vcc	-0.3		4.0	V	
AC Common Mode Input Voltage Tolerance		15			mV	
Differential Input Voltage Swing	Vin,pp	180		820	mVpp	
Differential Input Impedance	Zin	90	100	110	Ohm	1
Transmit Disable Assert Time				10	us	
Transmit Disable Voltage	Vdis	Vcc-1.3		Vcc	V	
Transmit Enable Voltage	Ven	Vee		Vee +0.8	V	2
Receiver						
Differential Output Voltage Swing	Vout,pp	350		850	mVpp	
Differential Output Impedance	Zout	90	100	110	Ohm	3
Data output rise/fall time	Tr/Tf	28			ps	4
LOS Assert Voltage	VlosH	Vcc-1.3		Vcc	V	5
LOS De-assert Voltage	VlosL	Vee		Vee +0.8	V	5
Power Supply Rejection	PSR	100			mVpp	6

Notes:

1. Connected directly to TX data input pins. AC coupled thereafter.
2. Or open circuit.
3. Input 100 ohms differential termination.

4. These are unfiltered 20-80% values.
5. Loss of Signal is LV TTL. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates no signal detected.
6. Receiver sensitivity is compliant with power supply sinusoidal modulation of 20 Hz to 1.5 MHz up to specified value applied through the recommended power supply filtering network.

VI. Optical Characteristics

The following optical characteristics are defined over the Recommended Operating Environment unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Transmitter						
Center Wavelength	λ	1480	1490	1500	nm	4583x
		1540	1550	1560		5483x
Optical Spectral Width	$\Delta\lambda$			1	nm	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Average Optical Power	PAVG	0		5	dBm	
Optical Extinction Ratio	ER	8.2			dB	
Dispersion Penalty	DP			3.0	dB	
Transmitter OFF Output Power	POff			-30	dBm	
Transmitter Eye Mask	Compliant with IEEE802.3ae					
Receiver						
Center Wavelength	λ	1540	1550	1560	nm	5483x
		1480	1490	1500		4583x
Receiver Sensitivity (Average Power)	Sen.			-23	dBm	1
Input Saturation Power (overload)	Psat	-8			dBm	
LOS Assert	LOSA	-35			dBm	
LOS De-assert	LOSD			-25	dBm	

LOS Hysteresis	LOSH	0.5			dB	
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Notes:

1. Measured with Light source 1490nm @1550nm, ER=8.2dB; BER≤1E-12 @10.3125Gbps, PRBS=2³¹-1 NRZ

VII. Digital Monitoring Functions

The following digital monitoring characteristics are defined over the Recommended Operating Environment unless otherwise specified. It is compliant to SFF-8472 Rev10.2 with internal calibration mode. For external calibration mode please contact our sales staff.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max	Unit	Notes
Temperature monitor absolute error	DMI_Temp	-3	3	°C	Over operating temp
Supply voltage monitor absolute error	DMI_VCC	-3%	3%	V	Full operating range
RX power monitor absolute error	DMI_RX	-3	3	dB	
Bias current monitor	DMI_bias	-10%	10%	mA	
TX power monitor absolute error	DMI_TX	-3	3	dB	

VIII. Mechanical Dimensions

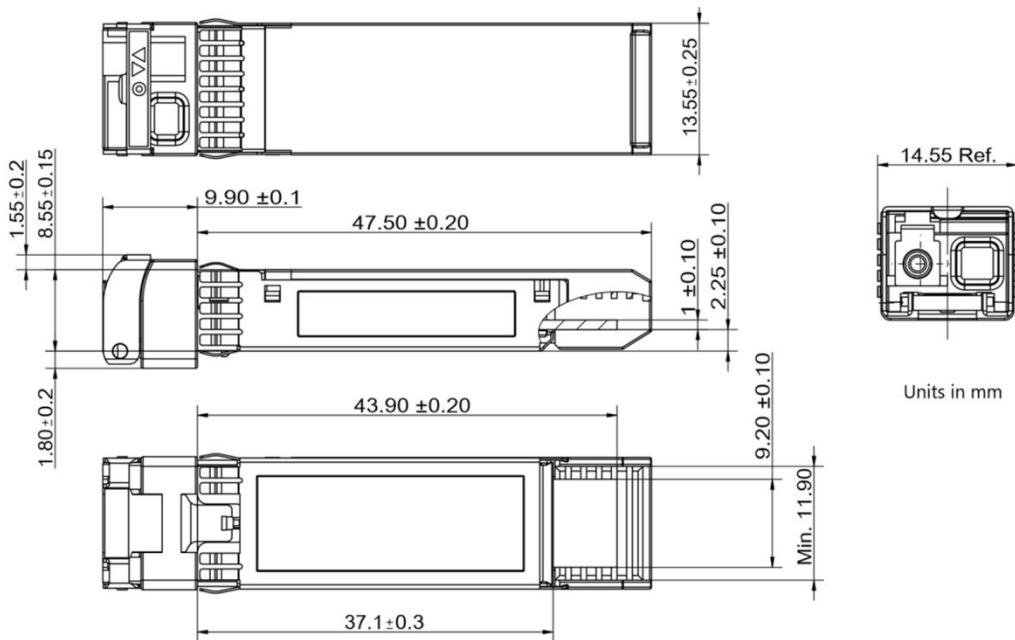


Figure2. Mechanical Outline